

## Subnational Area Profile

**Country:** Kyrgyzstan  
**Region:** Bishkek  
**Report Date:** February 17, 2020

This GDL Profile Report provides an overview of the major social and economic characteristics of the region or country. The figures are derived from the most recent national household survey available at the Global Data Lab. These and many other indicators can also be downloaded freely from the [GDL Area Database](#). Further information on the indicators is available at the bottom of this report and at the GDL website.

Level of development	Value	Trend	National rank	LMIC decile	Year
Subnational Human Development Index	0.73	0.00 ↑	1 / 8	( 3 )	2017
International Wealth Index (IWI) value <sup>1</sup>	87.7	0.63 ↑	1 / 8	( 1 )	2018
Log Gross National Income per capita (2011\$ ppp) <sup>2</sup>	8.33	0.05 ↑	1 / 8	( 7 )	2017

Poverty	Value	Trend	National rank	LMIC decile	Year
Percentage poor households (IWI value under 70)	3.39	-0.57 ↓	8 / 8	( 10 )	2018
Percentage poorer households (IWI value under 50)	0.00	0.00 ↓	7 / 7	( 11 )	2018
Percentage poorest households (IWI value under 35)	0.00	0.00 ↓	4 / 4	( 11 )	2018

Education	Value	Trend	National rank	LMIC decile	Year
Mean years education population aged 20+	13.0	-0.17 ↓	1 / 8	( 1 )	2018
Mean years education of women aged 20+	13.0	-0.20 ↓	1 / 8	( 1 )	2018
Mean years education of men aged 20+	13.0	-0.13 ↓	1 / 8	( 1 )	2018

Educational attendance	Value	Trend	National rank	LMIC decile	Year
Educational attendance children aged 6-8 (%)	80.0	-3.25 ↓	5 / 8	( 7 )	2018
Educational attendance children aged 9-11 (%)	100	0.00 ↓	1 / 8	( 1 )	2018
Educational attendance children aged 12-14 (%)	99.1	-0.22 ↓	4 / 8	( 1 )	2018
Educational attendance children aged 15-17 (%)	96.3	0.14 ↑	3 / 8	( 1 )	2018
Educational attendance children aged 18-20 (%)	75.7	-2.23 ↓	1 / 8	( 1 )	2018
Educational attendance children aged 21-23 (%)	42.5	-2.13 ↓	1 / 8	( 1 )	2018

Position of women	Value	Trend	National rank	LMIC decile	Year
Total fertility rate	2.92	0.08 ↑	8 / 8	( 7 )	2012
Mean age difference partners (husband-wife)	3.17	0.04 ↑	8 / 8	( 9 )	2018
Mean age at first marriage of women aged 20-50	22.5	0.23 ↑	1 / 8	( 1 )	2018
Mean age at first birth of women aged 20-50	23.4	0.13 ↑	1 / 8	( 1 )	2018
Percentage of women in 50+ population	65.2	1.30 ↑	1 / 8	( 1 )	2018
Patrilocal Index (positive values patrilocal)	0.94	0.13 ↑	8 / 8	( 5 )	2018

Position of children	Value	Trend	National rank	LMIC decile	Year
Infant mortality rate	20.7	0.55 ↑	3 / 8	( 8 )	2018
Under five mortality rate	23.2	0.64 ↑	3 / 8	( 8 )	2018
Percentage stunted children	5.90	-0.43 ↓	8 / 8	( 10 )	2018
Percentage wasted children	0.60	-0.38 ↓	8 / 8	( 10 )	2018
Percentage underweight children	1.60	0.13 ↑	5 / 8	( 10 )	2018
Percentage overweight children	8.20	-0.35 ↓	4 / 8	( 3 )	2018

Asset ownership	Value	Trend	National rank	LMIC decile	Year
Percentage households with a TV	97.0	-0.64 ↓	6 / 8	( 2 )	2018
Percentage households with a refrigerator	97.2	0.81 ↑	1 / 8	( 2 )	2018
Percentage households with a washing machine	82.7	4.69 ↑	1 / 8	( 3 )	2018
Percentage households with a motorbike	0.64	0.08 ↑	6 / 8	( 10 )	2018
Percentage households with a computer	45.4	-2.61 ↓	1 / 8	( 2 )	2018

Access to public services	Value	Trend	National rank	LMIC decile	Year
Percentage of households with electricity	100	0.00 ↓	1 / 8	( 1 )	2018
Percentage households with a phone	98.9	-0.17 ↓	3 / 8	( 1 )	2018
Percentage households with internet access	77.9	11.1 ↑	1 / 8	( 1 )	2018

Population	Value	Trend	National rank	LMIC decile	Year
Total area population in millions	0.75	-0.03 ↓	4 / 8	( 7 )	2014
Share of national population living in area	18.9	1.52 ↑	2 / 8	( 2 )	2018
Average household size	3.95	-0.01 ↓	8 / 8	( 10 )	2018
Percentage population in urban areas	100	0.00 ↓	1 / 8	( 1 )	2018
Demographic window phase	3	0 ↓			2018
Dependency ratio	53.6	1.05 ↑	8 / 8	( 8 )	2018

Quality of housing	Value	Trend	National rank	LMIC decile	Year
Percentage households with three or more sleeping rooms	18.4	0.86 ↑	7 / 8	( 8 )	2018
Percentage households cooking on wood, straw, grass, dung etc.	0.16	0.01 ↑	8 / 8	( 10 )	2014

Meaning of the menu items: **Value:** Indicator value in GDL Area Database. **Trend:** Average yearly change in indicator value since preceding survey. **National rank:** Within-country rank on indicator (1 is highest value within country). **Continent rank:** Within continent rank on indicator (continents are America, Africa, Asia/Pacific and (Eastern) Europe). **LMIC decile:** Decile position on indicator among 1300+ regions within 125+ low and middle income countries.

The indicators presented in this GDL Profile Report are created by aggregating to the sub-national and national level from representative household surveys. Detailed information on the data and methods used is available [here](#) and in [Smits \(2016\)](#).

1. The International Wealth Index (IWI) is an asset-based index that measures the economic situation of households in LMICs on the basis of their ownership of assets, housing quality and access to public services. IWI runs from 0 to 100, with 0 meaning none of the assets and lowest quality housing and services and 100 all assets and highest quality housing and services ([Smits & Steendijk, 2015](#)).
2. Subnational GNIC (logged) is estimated on the basis of national GNIC and variation in household wealth (IWI) across subnational regions. National GNIC equals its value in the [UNDP Database](#)